

Country card

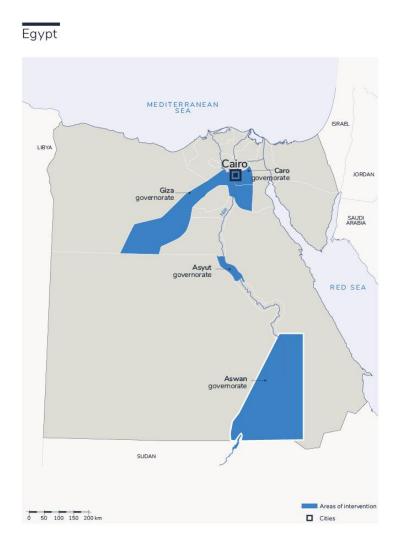
Egypt 2024





HI Team and intervention areas

HI has 47 staff members in Egypt.



General data of the country

a. HI internal classifications of the country context

Level of violence	Operations Director Focus	Health Focus	Positioning Focus	Emergency Focus
Context C – Level 2	No focus	No	No	No



DATA	Egypt	Neighbouring country (SUDAN)	France
Population	110 990 103	44 909 351	67 499 343
IHDI	0.519	0.333	0.820
Gender-related Development Index	0.882	0.860	0.987
Maternal mortality (deaths per 100,000 live births)	17	237	4
GINI Index	31.9	34.2	32.4
Population within UNHCR mandate	358523	4 170 987	580 898
INFORM index	4.7	6.4	2.3
Fragile State Index	81.6	107.1	30.9
Public social protection	34,7	9.3	100
Net official development assistance received (M USD)	8 240.0	1 624.7	/

b. General data

c. Humanitarian law instruments ratified by the country

Humanitarian law instruments	Status
Mine Ban Treaty	Not signed
Convention on Cluster Munitions	Not signed
UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Ratified in 2008, with 1 reservation ¹

d. Geopolitical analysis

98% of the population lives in 5% of the territory, along the Nile, with 50% of the population being located in the Delta region including Cairo, the third largest city in Africa. 90% of the Egyptian population is Muslim and 10% is Coptic.

Egypt is home of important gender disparities. In 2023, the World Economic Forum's Global Gender Gap Report rated Egypt 134 out of 146 countries in gender

¹ Egypt declared its interpretation of article 12 of the CRPD, is that persons with disability enjoy the capacity to acquire rights and assume legal responsibility ('ahliyyat al-wujub) but not the capacity to perform ('ahliyyat al-'ada), under Egyptian law.



equality. This marks a drop of 5 rankings from the previous report. Regarding inequalities between the incomes of men and women, Egypt comes as one of the countries at the bottom of the distribution with 19.7%. However, regarding the economic participation and opportunity, Egypt have registered increases in both the share of women senior officer positions and the share of women in technical positions. ²

Egypt is among the countries with 'very high' gender discrimination. Reasons for inequalities mentioned are numerous including social norms and attitudes, economic pressures, religious beliefs, that all contribute to discriminate women and limit their participation on the socio-economic scene.

Egypt has been the scene of heightened political instability since the wake of the Arab Spring in 2011, which enabled the millions of protestors who took up to the street country-wide to denounce lack of democracy and police abuses and demand economic reforms. Egyptian military dissolved the parliament and organized rushed elections which saw The Muslim Brotherhood and another Islamist group obtain majority. Following newly elected President Morsi's rise to power, highly contested measures were put in place, namely decrees immunizing his decisions from judicial challenge and review and a decree to criminally sanction demonstrations. With growing protests, chief of Army Al-Sisi suspended the Constitution and ousted president Morsi in a coup July 2013. In 2019, the general assembly proposed constitutional amendments, which aim to increase the length of presidential term from four to six years, appoint a vice president, amend regulations on the judiciary and recreate a second upper house by the name of the Senate. Currently, the political scene has been stagnant due to the very weak participation of opposition political groups.

Economic Highlights

The government has been focusing on implementing mega infrastructure projects such as the widening of the Suez Canal, and the establishment of the new administrative capital city. In parallel, Egypt launched an economic reform program in 2016 that resulted in the devaluation of the Egyptian Pound, increasing tax revenues that are later proportionately allocated to loan payments, and finally cutting subsidies.

An increased poverty rate is observed from 25.2% in 2011 and 27.8% in 2015 to 29.7% in 2023³. According to Egypt's official Survey on Households Income, Expenditures and Consumption (HIECS 2019/2020), the average of annual

² https://www.weforum.org/publications/global-gender-gap-report-2023/in-full/benchmarking-gender-gaps-2023/#country-coverage

https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/099759004052420744/pdf/IDU1a7b77b53184c7145c51b87417fd82a86f49a.pdf



household income accounts for 69,059.6 EGP (equivalent to approximately 4,400 USD in 2020, and currently equivalent to 1,450 USD). Most of the paid labour work without contracts and accordingly they are deprived of social and health insurance schemes.

Egypt's annual urban headline inflation rate declined for the fifth consecutive month in July 2024, reaching 25.7%. Annual food inflation fell to 29.7% in July 2024, down from 31.9% in June 2024. This is mainly attributed to the change of cabinet of Egypt in July 2024, following the re-election of President Al-Sisi in December 2023. The new cabinet was assigned with the focus to lower inflation rates and control commodity prices. ⁴ The unemployment rate declined to be 6.7% from an annual unemployment rate of 7.2 for the year 2022.

The Egyptian economy has been heavily impacted by global and regional crises in the last few years. The COVID-19 pandemic, followed by the war in Ukraine, have severely disrupted key sources of income such as tourism and the Suez Canal. As Egypt is relying on Russian and Ukrainian wheat imports, the war in Ukraine has worsened food security issues. Moreover, the current conflict in Gaza also poses an additional threat, with ongoing disruptions to the Suez Canal further burdening Egypt's economy.

Geopolitical Opportunities and Challenges

Being located on the crossroads of several areas, Egypt remains a key diplomatic power in the region that plays an active role in issues such as the Palestinian-Israeli conflict. Another opportunity is the human and social capital where adolescents and youth representing one-third of its 105 million population. Social capital also included the diasporas around the world, which may act as safety nets to Egyptian households through remittances, or may contribute to reinforcing Egypt's soft power in global business, media and academic spheres. Furthermore, the Suez Canal is regarded as a significant contributor to global trade and a main source of income for Egypt.

The war in Gaza has had immediate impacts on the Egyptian side as the escalations of the conflict in the region with the involvement of the Houthi movement will increase the risks of spill over. The Houthi attacks in the Red Sea have already threatened Egypt's vital shipping lanes through the Suez Canal, disrupting global trade and impacting Egypt's economy, which heavily relies on revenue from this key maritime route.

Another conflict on the borders of Egypt that still has an impact is the one in Sudan. Egypt has already received hundreds of thousands of Sudanese refugees since the start of the conflict in April 2023, adding pressure to the already fragile economy that struggles with inflation, unemployment and limited resources. This influx of refugees has also strained public services, especially in border

⁴ <u>https://english.ahram.org.eg/News/527355.aspx</u>, https://www.reuters.com/world/africa/egypt-has-agreed-long-awaited-cabinet-reshuffle-local-media-report-2024-07-03/



governorates such as Aswan, complicating efforts to provide humanitarian aid and maintain social stability.

Finally, the failure of negotiation between Egypt, Sudan and Ethiopia in terms of the Grand Ethiopian Renaissance Dam (GERD) further complicates the Egyptian geopolitical context. the growing relation between Ethiopia and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) complicates diplomatic efforts as it undermines Sudan's official position in the negotiations, shifting the power dynamics, and potentially affecting Egypt's water security.

Disruption of trade routes, economic instability, and strained diplomatic relations could further complicate Egypt's ability to respond effectively to these crises.

Summary of HI presence in the country

HI has long history in Egypt. Our operations started in the late 1990's while HI was offering ad-hoc technical assistance. HI conducted successful projects in Community-Based Rehabilitation (CRB), in capacity building of Community Based Organizations (CBOs), in inclusive employment, etc. Since 2013, HI is registered under the Ministry of Social Solidarity. HI's license has been renewed in 2022 for three years. HI operates in Greater Cairo, Asyut, and most recently Aswan governorates, in the sectors of early childhood development, BaNEREI (Basic Needs, Economic Recovery and Economic Inclusion), inclusive education and physical and functional rehabilitation.



Overview on ongoing projects

Sectors where HI conducts projects and focus on beneficiaries and operational partnerships

Project title and main sector(s) of intervention	Main activities	Beneficiaries	Final beneficiaries	Partners	Location	Dates of beginning and end of the project and donors funding it	Donors who finance the project
Covid-19	 Identification of 2000 households displaying 	2750 extremely	13750 family	Caritas	Cairo and Giza	July 2022-March	EU
specific	extreme vulnerability to the COVID19 crisis	vulnerable	members of the	Egypt	Governorates	2025	
response	and assessment of their needs.	households	households (ave				
(B-SAFE 2)	Referral of 500 extreme vulnerable	economically	rage of 5				
	households to existing social	affected by the	persons per				
Main	protection programs and supporting their	Covid-19 crisis	household) who				
Sectors of	application process.	and in needs of	will benefit from				
Intervention	• Provision of direct food assistance to 1500	basic needs	one or multiple				
: BaNEREI,	households unsupported by social safety nets.	assistance;	services of the				
MHPSS	Provision of psychoeducation to 2000	500 vulnerable	project.				
	households to address the stigma associated	households					
	to MHPSS services and identification of	economically					
	households displaying signs of psychosocial	affected by the					
	and mental distress. Referral and direct	Covid-19 crisis					
	provision of MHPSS services to 1000	and in need of					
	beneficiaries.	business					
	 Participatory definition of household's 	recovery.					
	personalized support plan for 2000	150 inactive					
	households to adopt positive coping	women, with					



mechanisms and provision of financial literacy	and without			
trainings as part of these plans.	disabilities			
Identification of 500 vulnerable households				
with potential for economic				
recovery, selection of households' member to				
support. In addition, provision of business				
planning training and a coaching is provided				
to the identified households to recover or start				
their businesses.				
 Adaptation of businesses premises and tools 				
to meet the needs of women and men with				
disabilities.				
 Linkage between recovered/started 				
businesses and local markets, including				
online ones.				
• Building inactive women's consciousness of				
their potential and promote their economic				
participation as strategy to diversify target				
vulnerable households' livelihoods. In				
addition to providing vocational counselling				
and life skills training in link with				
market opportunities and facilitation to				
apprenticeship opportunities.				
 Provision to men and women in targeted 				
households and targeted employers				
with awareness on local good practices to				
protect against sexual harassment in				
public spaces.				
 Facilitation of dialogue between employers 				
and targeted women to find ways				
to conciliate business needs with their needs.				



Promoting	• Conduct an in-depth participatory market	Direct	Ebtessam	Assiut	36 months (July	Consorti
Inclusive	assessment of the intervention areas, with a	beneficiaries:	OPD	governorate	1st, 2022 to June	um with
Empowerm	specific focus on potential job opportunities	824	Friends		30th, 2025)	SCI (in
ent for	for young people with disabilities.	300 children	OPD			lead)
Women,	• Strengthen and build capacity of a local multi-	(150 girls and				funded
Girls and	stakeholder (private sector, government and	150 boys), aged				by the
Boys in	civil society) working group (MSWG) to	between 6				Italian
Upper	identify and support productive and inclusive	months and 6				Agency
Egypt	initiatives, including business clusters and	years, will be				of
("Ro'ya")	value chain development.	able to benefit				Internati
	 Provide access to quality and inclusive early 	from early child				onal
Main	childhood care and development (ECCD)	care and				Cooperat
Sectors of	facilities run by local partners, for children	development				ion
Intervention	aged 6 months-6 years, to reduce childcare	(ECCD) services.				(AICS)
: Economic	barriers for women.	24 women,				
Inclusion &	 Establish and build capacity to run women- 	aged between				
ECD	managed and inclusive Village Saving and	20 and 45, will				
	Lending Associations (VSLA).	be involved in				
	 Provide inclusive life skills and livelihoods 	early child care				
	training program for women living in poverty,	and				
	including those living with disabilities.	development				
	 In cooperation with the MSWG, provide start- 	centres.				
	up support, including business planning and	250 men, aged				
	coaching and facilitate access to financing	between 20 and				
	opportunities.	50, and 250				
	 Deliver an integrated training package for 	women, aged				
	youth, including those with disabilities, to	between 20 and				
	build foundational life skills, financial literacy	45, will benefit				
	and basic business skills.	from the				
	• Establish inclusive production units, run by	"Dawar" and				
	local partners, to support the entrepreneurial	"Arab Women				
	projects of youth, including those living with					



Empowerm ent of Civil Society Organizatio ns to Contribute to Gender Equality in Migrant and hosting Communitie s in Greater Cairo. (Toyya) Main Sectors of Intervention : ECD, Economic Inclusion	 disabilities. Provide seed funding to support micro-enterprises among youth trainees. Formation of an ECD and Women Economic Empowerment focused MSWGs. Participatory Quality assessment of mainstream ECD services Market study on the socio-economic profile of migrant women and the factors constraining their capacity to generate income, as well as resilient market opportunities in the creative industry Definition of a Roadmap for promoting migrant women's access to mainstream ECD services and promoting migrant, and Egyptian women's access to income-generating opportunities while providing support to the implement both roadmaps. Mapping and selection of active CSOs in the field of ECD to technially and financially support them to etablish / equip local ECD units, and to provide personalized support to women to access income-generation activities. Provision of technical and financial support to the selected CSO to provide family case management and referral to ECD services and 	10 CSOs (5 CSOs specialized in ECD and 5 CSOs specialized in ECD and Economic Empowerment). 40 staff (technical and administrative) of 2 to 4 CSOs (20 staff from each beneficiary CSO) 20 MSWG members from CSOs, local authorities, service providers and activist informal groups.	Speak Out" awareness sessions. 1,200 vulnerable women (60% migrants and host communities, 40% Egyptians from the host communities, with at least 10% women with disabilities). 720 children with developmental delay and/or with disability (60% migrants and host communities, 40% Egyptians from the host communities,	A transparent process of call for proposals will allow local civil society organizatio ns to apply to partner with HI within the described project.	Greater Cairo (Giza and Cairo governorates)	36 months (from May 1st	Europea n Union delegati on in Egypt Canton De Genève
	the selected CSO to provide family case		from the host				



	 Provision of technical and financial support to 		host				
	the ECD CSO to implement community		communities				
	awareness sessions about the importance of		members who				
	ECD, and responsive caregiving, and inclusive		will receive				
	education.		awareness				
	 Technical and financial support to organize a 		sessions				
	community awareness campaign about social		303310113				
	cohesion, gender justice, and safe public						
	spaces, targeting men and women, migrants						
	and Egyptians from host communities						
Response	 Study on the barriers and facilitators affecting 	Response to	Response to the	Caritas-	Greater Cairo	18 months (from	US-
to the	refugees and asylum seekers' access to early	chronic needs:	chronic needs:	Egypt	(Cairo and Giza	September 1 st ,	Bureau
chronic	detection, early intervention and rehabilitation	2,120 direct	11.770 indirect		governorates)	2023 to February	of
needs of	services	beneficiaries	beneficiaries.		and Aswan	29 st , 2025)	Populati
refugees	 Capacity building of targeted healthcare 	Response to	Response to the		governorate		on,
and host	centres on early detection and early	urgent needs:	urgent needs:				Refugee
communitie	intervention of disability (based on the model	5,185 direct	25.925 indirect				s and
s children in	developed and tested by Handicap	beneficiaries.	beneficiaries.				Migratio
Greater	International).						n
Cairo and	• Provision of equipment, tools and materials to						
urgent	healthcare centres to deliver quality early						MoFA
needs of	detection, early intervention and rehabilitation						Luxembo
refugees	services						urg
and host	• Establishment and reinforcement of child and						
communitie	caregiver case management and referral						
s in Aswan	system for early detection and early						
governorat	intervention in the targeted communities.						
e	• Capacity building of community facilitators						
Main	(refugees and Egyptians) to offer basic						
Main Sectors of	psychosocial support and psychological first aid.						
Sectors of Intervention	diù.						
muervention							



: ECD,	• Awareness sessions on social inclusion and			
Rehabilitati	the needs of refugees and asylum seekers for			
on, IHA	mainstream MHPSS services			
	• Psychosocial support for caregivers as per			
	their intervention plan and caregiver's case			
	management			
	• Community awareness sessions and events			
	on disability, early detection and intervention,			
	mental health.			
	• Screening of children aged 0-8 (who are			
	refugee, asylum seeker and Egyptian from			
	refugee host communities) for early detection			
	of disability and developmental delays.			
	• Children and caregivers case management.			
	• Based on children's intervention plans,			
	referring children to early intervention and			
	physical and functional rehabilitation services.			
	• Training of caregivers of children with			
	disabilities and supporting their peer activities			
	for positive parenting, and the creation of self-			
	help groups.			
	• Provision of technical and financial support,			
	and equipment to local partner and CBOs to			
	provide MHPSS support to refugees, migrants			
	and host communities including those with			
	disabilities			
	• Mapping, quality assessment of specialized			
	MH services			
	• Assessment and identification of disability			
	related barriers and support to remove			
	identified barriers			

• Identification and assessment of persons in			
need of MHPSS, through MHPSS awareness			
in groups sessions and individual interviews			
and definition of personalized support plan			
 Provision of MHPSS through local partners 			
and/or referral to specialized MH services			
• Provision of emergency cash to extremely			
vulnerable beneficiaries receiving MHPSS in			
coordination with relevant actors			
• Identification of persons with disabilities with			
physical rehabilitation and other specific			
needs among refugees and hosting			
populations			
• Provision of equipment, training and coaching			
to local physical rehabilitation services to			
improve quality of services and capacity to			
support refugees provide services to refugees			
and host communities			
 Provision of physical rehabilitation services, 			
assistive technologies and hygiene items to			
identified the beneficiaries persons in need,			
through local services			
• Provision of emergency cash to extremely			
vulnerable beneficiaries receiving MHPSS			
rehabilitation, in coordination with relevant			
actors			
• Provision of technical assistance to NGOs and			
CBOs relevant local and international			
humanitarian assistance's actors to remove			
the barriers that hinder refugees with			
disabilities' access to mainstream			



humanitarian assistance in the target areas barriers faced by refugees with disability.			



Donors' logo

